Corowa Berrigan Bush Fire Management Committee

Bush Fire Risk Management Plan

Prepared by the Corowa Berrigan Bush Fire Management Committee; pursuant to section 52 of the Rural Fires Act, 1997. In accordance with the Regulations to the Rural Fires Act 1997, the draft bush fire risk management plan will be exhibited for a period of not less than 42 days during which time submissions are invited from the public.

As such, members of the public, whether as private individuals or as members of community interest groups were invited to comment on the plan. Submissions should be in writing, and as detailed and specific as possible; however any comments, no matter how brief or general are welcome. All comments received will be referred to the Bush Fire Coordinating Committee with the plan for their final deliberation and approval.

Prior to finalising the plan, the Bush Fire Management Committee is required to consider the submissions to plan and prepare a review for consideration by the Bush Fire Coordinating Committee. Under the Act, the Bush Fire Coordinating Committee may approve the plan, amend the plan or reject the plan in the light of public submissions.

If significant changes are made to the plan after public exhibition, the draft plan will be placed on further exhibition prior to its final adoption.

Comments should be forwarded to:

Executive Officer

Corowa Berrigan Bush Fire Management Committee

C/_NSW Rural Fire Service

PO BOX 180

COROWA NSW 2646

Additional information or enquires on any aspect of the plan can be obtained from the Corowa Berrigan Fire Control Centre or by telephoning $02\ 6033\ 4550$.

Table of Contents

| Chapter 1. Introduction | 7 |
|---|--|
| 1.1 Background | 7 |
| 1.2 Aim and Objectives | 7 |
| 1.3 Description of the Corowa Berrigan BFMC Area 1.3.1 Location and land tenure 1.3.2 Climate and bush fire season 1.3.3 Population and demographic information 1.3.4 History of bush fire frequency and ignition cause | 8 8 8 8 |
| Chapter 2. Identifying and Assessing the Bush Fire Risk | 9 |
| 2.1 Process | 9 |
| 2.2 Communication and Consultation | 9 |
| 2.3 Identifying the Bush Fire Risk 2.3.1 Assets 2.3.2 Assessing the Bush Fire Risk - Consequence 2.3.3 Assessing the Bush Fire Risk - Likelihood 2.3.4 Identifying the level of risk 2.3.5 Evaluating the Bush Fire Risk 2.3.6 Prioritising Treatments 2.3.7 Risk Acceptability | 10 10 11 12 12 12 12 12 |
| Chapter 3. Treating the Risk | 13 |
| 3.1 Bush Fire Management Zones | 13 |
| 3.2 BFMC Wide Treatments | 14 |
| 3.3 Asset Specific Treatments | 16 |
| 3.4 Fire Thresholds | 17 |
| 3.5 Annual Works Programs | 18 |
| 3.6 Implementation | 18 |
| Chapter 4. Performance Monitoring and Reviewing | 18 |
| 4.1 Review | 18 |
| 4.2 Monitoring | 18 |
| 4.3 Reporting | 18 |
| 4.4 Performance Measurements | 18 |
| Appendices | 19 |
| Appendix 1 Community Participation Strategy | 19 |
| Appendix 2 Asset Register | 23 |
| Appendix 3 Treatment Register | 28 |
| Appendix 4 Maps | 29 |
| List of Tables Table 1.1 Land tenure Table 3.1 Bush Fire Management Zones: Purpose, objectives and characteristics Table 3.2 Asset specific treatments used in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area Table 3.3 Fire Thresholds for Vegetation Categories | 8 14 16 17 |
| List of Figures Figure 2.1 Overview of the risk assessment process | 9 |

Authorisation

In accordance with Part 3 Division 4 of the Rural Fires Act 1997, this Draft Plan has been prepared by the Corowa Berrigan Bush Fire Management Committee and has been endorsed at the BFMC meeting on 4 February 2009 for submission to the Bush Fire Coordinating Committee.

Recommended

Chairperson

IS Bruce.

Corowa Berrigan Bush Fire Management Committee

Approved

Shane Fitzsiantana, AASMI

Chairman

NSW Bush Fire Coordinating Committee

2 5 AUG 2009

On behalf of the

NSW Bush Fire Coordinating Committee

Amendment List

| Amen | dment | Ente | ered |
|--------|-------|-----------|------|
| Number | Date | Signature | Date |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |

Glossary

Assets: anything valued by the community which includes houses, crops, heritage buildings and places, infrastructure, the environment, businesses, and forests, that may be at risk from bush fire.

Bush Fire: a general term used to describe fire in vegetation, includes grass fire.

Bush Fire Hazard: the potential severity of a bush fire, which is determined by fuel load, fuel arrangement and topography under a given climatic condition.

Bush Fire Risk: the chance of a bush fire igniting, spreading and causing damage to the community or the assets they value.

Bush Fire Risk Management: a systematic process that provides a range of treatments which contribute to the well being of communities and the environment, which suffer the adverse effects of wildfire/bush fire.

Bush Fire Threat: potential bush fire exposure of an asset due to the proximity and type of a hazard and the slope on which the hazard is situated.

Consequence: outcome or impact of a bush fire event.

Fire Fighting Authorities: the NSW Rural Fire Service, NSW Fire Brigades, the National Parks and Wildlife Service and Forests NSW.

Likelihood: the chance of a bush fire igniting and spreading.

Major Bush Fire: A bush fire which requires the attendance of multiple brigades, or causes damage to property or injury to one or more persons.

Display area: geographic area determined by the Bush Fire Management Committee which is used to provide a suitable area and scale for community participation and mapping display purposes.

Recovery costs: the capacity of an asset to recover from the impacts of a bush fire.

Risk Acceptance: an informed decision to accept the consequences and the likelihood of a particular risk.

Risk Analysis: a systematic process to understand the nature of and to deduce the level of risk.

Risk Assessment: the overall process of risk identification, risk analysis and risk evaluation.

Risk Identification: the process of determining what, where, when, why, and how something could happen.

Risk Treatment: the process of selection and implementation of measures to modify risk.

Vulnerability: the susceptibility of an asset to the impacts of bush fire.

Chapter 1. Introduction

1.1 Background

Under the *Rural Fires Act 1997* the Bush Fire Coordinating Committee (BFCC) must constitute a Bush Fire Management Committee (BFMC) for each area in the State, which is subject to the risk of bush fires. Each BFMC is required to prepare and submit to the BFCC a draft Bush Fire Risk Management Plan (BFRMP).

A BFRMP is a strategic document that identifies community assets at risk and sets out a five-year program of coordinated multi-agency treatments to reduce the risk of bush fire to the assets. Treatments may include such things as hazard reduction burning, grazing, community education, fire trail maintenance and establishing community fireguard groups.

Annual programs to implement the treatments identified in this plan will be undertaken by the relevant land managers and fire fighting authorities.

In exercising its functions under the *Rural Fires Act 1997*, including the preparation of a draft bush fire risk management plan, the Corowa Berrigan BFMC is required to have regard to the principles of ecologically sustainable development (ESD).

This document and the accompanying maps together form the BFRMP for the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area.

This BFRMP has been prepared by the Corowa Berrigan BFMC and covers both public and private lands. This BFRMP must be reviewed and updated within each successive five-year period from the constitution of the BFMC.

The BFCC recognises that climate change has the potential to increase bush fire risk. The risk assessment process applied in this BFRMP is based on current climatic conditions. The BFCC will monitor information on climate change and will modify the process when necessary.

1.2 Aim and Objectives

The **aim** of this BFRMP is to minimise the risk of adverse impact of bush fires on life, property and the environment.

The **objectives** of this BFRMP are to:

- reduce the number of human-induced bush fire ignitions that cause damage to life, property and the environment;
- manage fuel to reduce the rate of spread and intensity of bush fires, while minimising environmental/ecological impacts;
- reduce the community's vulnerability to bush fires by improving its preparedness; and
- effectively contain fires with a potential to cause damage to life, property and the environment.

1.3 Description of the Corowa Berrigan BFMC Area

1.3.1 Location and land tenure

The Corowa Berrigan BFMC area is located in central southern New South Wales and includes the Local Government *Areas* of Corowa and Berrigan.

The area covered by the Corowa Berrigan BFMC is 439 100 hectares and includes the land tenures outlined in Table 1.1.

| Land Manager | % of BFMC area |
|---------------------|----------------|
| Forests NSW | 1.3 % |
| Department of Lands | 1.9 % |
| Local Government | 1.6 % |
| Private | 95 % |
| All other | 0.2 % |

Table 1.1 Land Tenure

1.3.2 Climate and bush fire season

The typical / average climate in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area is warm to hot during the summer period of November to March. Winters tend to experience lower temperatures and rainfall. The bush fire season generally runs from November to February.

Prevailing weather conditions associated with the bush fire season in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area are: North-westerly winds accompanied by high daytime temperatures and low relative humidity. There are also frequent dry lightning storms occurring during the bush fire season.

1.3.3 Population and demographic information

The population of the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area is approximately 19,500 people. The major population centres are Corowa, Howlong, Mulwala, Berrigan, Finley, Tocumwal and Barooga. The Murray River borders the area to the south which attracts a large tourist influx during the summer months and school holidays, particularly campers. The exact location of all of these groups during these periods is not easily identifiable and this group are not necessarily knowledgeable of, or prepared for, a bushfire within their holiday vicinity.

1.3.4 History of bush fire frequency and ignition cause

The Corowa Berrigan BFMC area has on average of 50 bush fires per year, of which 2-3 on average can be considered to be major fires (> 100ha).

The main sources of ignition in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area are lightning strikes and machinery.

Chapter 2. Identifying and Assessing the Bush Fire Risk

2.1 Process

The Australia/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4360: 2004 Risk Management was used as the basis for the risk assessment process. See Figure 2.1 for the steps involved. For a detailed description of the process undertaken see the Bush Fire Risk Management Planning Guidelines for Bush Fire Management Committees on the RFS website: www.rfs.nsw.gov.au.

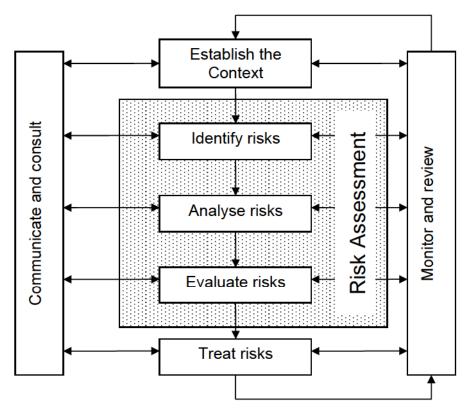


Figure 2.1 Overview of the risk assessment process

2.2 Communication and Consultation

Community participation is an integral part of risk management. The Community Participation Strategy involved developing and implementing a process to address the needs, issues and concerns of stakeholders within the BFMC area in regards to the BFRMP. See Appendix 1 for the Community Participation Strategy used by the Corowa Berrigan BFMC in preparing this BFRMP.

2.3 Identifying the Bush Fire Risk

Identifying the level of bush fire risk firstly involved identifying important community assets considered to be at risk from bush fire in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area, and then assessing the likelihood and consequence ratings.

2.3.1 Assets

BFMC members and the community, including RFS volunteers, identified assets within the Corowa Berrigan BFMC that they believed were at risk of bush fire.

The assets were divided into four asset types:

<u>Human settlement</u>

- Residential areas including urban bushland interface areas and rural properties;
- Special Fire Protection areas including schools, hospitals, nursing homes, and tourist facilities; and
- Other human settlement areas including commercial and industrial areas where distinct from major towns.

Economic

- Agricultural; e.g. major silos, regional saleyards, cropping/grazing land;
- Commercial/industrial e.g. major industries, waste treatment plants, sawmills,
- Infrastructure e.g. large power lines, gas and oil pipelines, railway lines, electricity substations, communication facilities;
- Tourist and recreational e.g. tourist sites and facilities, resorts, retreats;
- Mines;
- Commercial forests e.g. pine plantations, eucalypt plantations and commercial native forests; and
- Drinking water catchments.

Environmental

- Threatened species, populations and ecological communities and Ramsar wetlands;
- Locally important species and ecological communities, such as species and ecological communities especially sensitive to fire.

Cultural

- Aboriginal significance Aboriginal places and items of significance;
- Non-indigenous heritage places and items arising from the early occupation of NSW by European or other non-indigenous settlers; and
- Other cultural assets community halls, clubs and recreational facilities.

See Appendix 2 for the full list of assets identified in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area. See maps 1-3 for the location of assets to be treated under this BFRMP.

2.3.2 Assessing the Bush Fire Risk - Consequence

Once the assets were identified, the consequence of a bush fire impacting on these assets was assessed.

See Appendix 2 for the consequence ratings assigned to each asset identified in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area.

The different asset types had different assessment processes used to determine the consequence. These processes are identified below.

Human settlement

A potential fire behaviour model using vegetation type, slope and separation distance was used to produce a threat rating for human settlement assets. The vulnerability of the asset to a bush fire was also assessed and a rating assigned. These ratings were then used to assess the consequence of a bush fire impacting upon a human settlement asset.

Special Fire Protection (SFP) assets were considered inherently more vulnerable to bush fire due to mobility capacity, knowledge or other issues relating to their inhabitants, (e.g. the elderly, infirm, children or tourists) and therefore stricter requirements for vulnerability assessment and rating were applied.

Economic

The level of economic impact e.g. local, regional or state, as well as the economic recovery costs (how long and complicated a financial recovery will be) of the asset were identified. These ratings were used to assess the consequence of a bush fire impacting upon an economic asset.

Environmental

Environmental assets with known minimum fire threshold were assessed to determine if they were at risk of a bush fire within the 5 year life of the BFRMP using fire history) data. Those environmental assets which were within or above the fire threshold were not assessed in the BFRMP, as the negative impact of a fire within the 5 year period was determined as being low and may even be of benefit to the asset and surrounding habitat.

The vulnerability of an environmental asset was determined by its conservation status and its geographic extent (distribution across the landscape). Vulnerability and potential impact of bush fire were used to assess the consequence of a bush fire impacting upon an environmental asset.

Cultural

For non-indigenous historical, Aboriginal and other cultural assets a potential fire behaviour model using fuel load, slope and proximity was used to produce a threat rating. The physical vulnerability of the asset to a bush fire was also assessed. These ratings were then used to assess the consequence of a bush fire impacting upon a cultural asset.

2.3.3 Assessing the Bush Fire Risk - Likelihood

For all asset types the likelihood of a bush fire occurring was assessed. This involves considering fire history, including ignition cause and patterns, known fire paths, access, containment potential and potential fire run (size of the vegetated area). See Appendix 2 for the likelihood ratings assigned to each asset identified in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area.

2.3.4 Identifying the level of risk

The consequence and likelihood ratings were then used to identify the level of risk. See Appendix 2 for the risk ratings assigned to each asset identified in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area.

2.3.5 Evaluating the Bush Fire Risk

Once the risk ratings for each asset were identified, they were evaluated to:

- a) confirm that risk levels identified in the risk analysis process are appropriate and reflect the relative seriousness of the bush fire risk;
- b) identify which assets require treatments; and
- c) identify treatment priorities.

2.3.6 Prioritising Treatments

No organisation has limitless resources to deal with adverse risk. It is therefore necessary to define priorities. The bush fire risk ratings determined were used to prioritise the risk treatments, i.e. areas of extreme risk were considered first for treatment, then very high, then high then medium then low.

2.3.7 Risk Acceptability

Risks below a certain level were assessed as not requiring treatment within the life of this plan. This is due to a combination of risk priority and capacity to undertake the works within the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area the level of acceptable risk is medium. Areas of medium or low risk, cultural and environmental assets are likely to be managed by routine procedures and so do not require a specific application of resources. However, the BFMC will endeavour to treat acceptable risk if possible.

Chapter 3. Treating the Risk

3.1 Bush Fire Management Zones

Bush Fire Management Zones were identified within the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area and mapped (see maps 1, 2, 3). These zones identify the fire management intent for a specific area. See Table 3.1 for descriptions of the zones and their purposes. The four categories of Bush Fire Management Zones are:

- Asset Protection Zone (APZ);
- Strategic Fire Advantage Zone (SFAZ);
- · Land Management Zone (LMZ); and
- Fire Exclusion Zone (FEZ).

SFAZ have been identified within the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area to allow for mosaic or patch burning to complement APZ's where inplace and provide strategically located varying fuel loads to more easily suppress and reduce the potential for large wild fires to develop and spread.

| Zone | Purpose | Suppression Objective(s) | Zone characteristics |
|--|---|---|--|
| Asset Protection Zone | To protect human life, property and highly valued public assets and values. | To enable the safe use of Direct Attack suppression strategies within the zone. To minimise bush fire impacts on undefended assets. | As per RFS document Standards for Asset Protection Zones. |
| Strategic Fire Advantage Zone | To provide strategic areas of fire protection advantage which will reduce the speed and intensity of bush fires, and reduce the potential for spot fire development; To aid containment of wildfires to existing management boundaries. | To improve the likelihood and safe use of: Parallel Attack suppression strategies within the zone. and/or Indirect Attack (back burning) in high to very high fire weather conditions within the zone. To reduce the likelihood of: Crown fire development within the zone. and/or Spot fire ignition potential from the zone | Zone width related to suppression objectives and dependant upon: Topography Aspect Spotting propensity Location of adjacent firebreaks Mosaic pattern of treatment Assess Overall Fuel Hazard (OFH) once vegetation communities reach minimum fire thresholds within this plan. Management practices should aim to achieve mosaic fuel reduction patterns so that the majority of the SFAZ has an OFH of less than high. |
| Land Management Zone | To meet relevant land management objectives in areas where APZs or SFAZs are not appropriate. | As per the land management and fire protection objectives of the responsible land management agency. To reduce the likelihood of spread of fires. To undertake mosaic burning | As appropriate to achieve land management e.g. heritage and/or fire protection e.g. broad scale mosaic burning objectives. |

| Fire To exclude bush fires. | 26.532.000 | Variable dependant on size of fire sensitive area requiring protection. |
|-----------------------------|------------|---|
|-----------------------------|------------|---|

Table 3.1 Bush Fire Management Zones: Purpose, objectives and characteristics

NB: OFH refers the Overall Fuel Hazard Guide as described in the document published by (Dept. of Sustainability and Environment 3rd ed. 1999 & NPWS version); State-wide procedures for assessment of fuel hazard will be developed in conjunction with the BFCC.

Note: All areas that are not mapped or described as APZs or SFAZs are considered as LMZs.

3.2 BFMC Wide Treatments

BFMC wide treatments are activities which reduce the overall bush fire risk within the BFMC area and are undertaken on an ongoing basis as part of normal business. These treatments are not linked to specific assets in the BFRMP, rather they are applied across all or part of the BFMC area as designated by legislation or agency policy. BFMC wide treatments include the following:

Reviewing the bush fire prone land map

These maps identify bush fire prone land and are used to trigger whether a development application is assessed using *Planning for Bush Fire Protection*¹.

• Ensuring developments in bush fire prone land comply with *Planning for Bush Fire Protection*

This assessment process requires new applications for development to include bush fire protection measures.

Using the Local Environment Plan/s (LEPs) to control developments in areas with a bush fire risk

LEPs can be used to exclude development in extreme bush fire risk areas or where bush fire protection measures cannot be incorporated.

Varying the standard bush fire danger period as required

In years where the weather is particularly adverse the bush fire danger period may be brought in early or extended. This is assessed every year by the BFMC.

Requiring permits during the bush fire danger period

In the bush fire danger period a fire safety permit is required to light a fire in the open. Permits specify conditions such as fire fighting equipment that must be on site, or restrict burns based on weather conditions.

¹ NSW Rural Fire Service 2006 Planning for Bush Fire Protection: A guide for councils, planners, fire authorities and developers.

Prosecution of arsonists/offenders

Under the *Rural Fires Act 1997* persons may be prosecuted for breaching the conditions on a fire permit, lighting a fire during a Total Fire Ban, allowing fire to escape their property, or other breaches of the Act.

Investigation of bush fire cause

All bush fires which do not have a known cause are investigated to identify how they started.

Normal fire suppression activities

Responding to bush fire is a normal business activity for the fire fighting authorities.

Assessing and managing compliance with strategic fire fighting resource allocation provisions

Strategic fire fighting resource allocation provisions is the process used to identify the number of stations, brigades and appliances required in an area, and considers members, training, assets and hazards.

Preparation of a S52 Operations Coordination Plan

The Operations Coordination Plan is prepared biannually and sets out how coordinated fire fighting will occur. It includes specific operational restrictions on fire fighting techniques in certain areas, where fires will be managed from, and how agencies involved can communicate during operations.

Fire Management Plans or Plans of Management

Some land management agencies have developed fire management plans or plans of management with specific fire or fuel management strategies, for example a Forests NSW Regional Fuel Management Risk Plan, a NPWS Fire Management Strategy. These publicly exhibited plans form the basis for operational fire planning on public parks, reserves and forests.

Bush Fire Hazard Complaints

If someone is concerned about possible bush fire hazards on a neighbouring property or any other land, then this can be reported to the RFS Commissioner or their local RFS Fire Control Centre. The complaint will be investigated and may result in a notice being issued to the landowner or manager to reduce the hazard.

3.3 Asset Specific Treatments

There are five broad strategy groups available to treat the bush fire risk to assets identified in the BFRMP.

The types of asset specific treatments in each strategy group used in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area are listed below. A full list of the treatment strategies in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area are in Appendix 3.

| Strategy | Targeted treatments used in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area |
|------------------------|---|
| Hazard Reduction | SFAZ & LMZ Grazing Mechanical Inspect and maintain SFAZ's if required |
| Community Education | Conduct Community Education Programs |
| Property Planning | Village Protection Plans Emergency Fire Relocation Plans |
| Preparedness | Construct and maintain fire trails |

Table 3.2 Asset specific treatments used in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area

3.4 Fire Thresholds

The vegetation in the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area was classified into fire threshold categories (Table 3.3).

| Vegetation formation | Minimum SFAZ Threshold | Minimum LMZ Threshold | Maximum Threshold | Notes |
|---|------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|---|
| Rainforest | NA | NA | NA | Fire should be avoided. |
| Alpine complex | NA | NA | NA | Fire should be avoided. |
| Wet Sclerophyll forest (shrubby subformation) | 25 | 30 | 60 | Crown fires should be avoided in the lower end of the interval range. |
| Wet Sclerophyll forest (grassy subformation) | 10 | 15 | 50 | Crown fires should be avoided in the lower end of the interval range. |
| Grassy woodland | 5 | 8 | 40 | Minimum interval of 10 years should apply in the southern Tablelands area. Occasional intervals greater then 15 years may be desirable. |
| Grassland | 2 | 3 | 10 | Occasional intervals greater than 7 years should be included in coastal areas. There was insufficient data to give a maximum interval; available evidence indicates maximum intervals should be approximately 10 years. |
| Dry sclerophyll forest (shrub/grass subformation) | 5 | 8 | 50 | Occasional intervals greater than 25 years may be desirable. |
| Dry sclerophyll forest (shrub subformation) | 7 | 10 | 30 | Occasional intervals greater than 25 years may be desirable. |
| Heathlands | 7 | 10 | 30 | Occasional intervals greater than 20 years may be desirable. |
| Freshwater wetlands | 6 | 10 | 35 | Occasional intervals greater than 30 years may be desirable. |
| Forested wetlands | 7 | 10 | 35 | Some intervals greater than 20 years may be desirable. |
| Saline wetlands | NA | NA | NA | Fire should be avoided. |
| Semi-arid woodlands (grassy subformation) | 6 | 9 | No max | Not enough data for a maximum fire interval. |
| Semi-arid woodlands (shrubby subformation) | 10 | 15 | No Max | Not enough data for a maximum fire interval. |
| Arid shrublands (chenopod subformation | NA | NA | NA | Fire should be avoided. |
| Arid shrublands (acacia subformation) | 10 | 15 | No Max | Not enough data for a maximum fire interval. |

Table 3.3 Fire Thresholds for Vegetation Categories

3.5 Annual Works Programs

The land management agencies and fire fighting authorities responsible for implementing the treatments identified in this plan will include those treatments in their annual works programs detailing how, when, and where the required activities will be undertaken.

3.6 Implementation

When the treatments identified in this BFRMP are implemented there are a number of issues that need to be considered by the responsible agency including environmental assessments and approvals, smoke management and prescribed burn plans.

Local permit issuing/hazard reduction burning exclusion periods

In the Corowa Berrigan BFMC area the issuing of permits and hazard reduction burning is restricted and generally not permitted during the summer Bush Fire Danger Period; usually mid November to March.

Chapter 4. Performance Monitoring and Reviewing

4.1 Review

This BFRMP must be reviewed and updated within each successive five-year period from the constitution of the BFMC. The Corowa Berrigan BFMC will also review this plan as necessary to account for any changes in context or risk. This may be triggered by a range of circumstances, including but not limited to:

- changes to the BFMC area, organisational responsibilities or legislation;
- changes to the bush fire risk in the area; or
- · following a major fire event.

4.2 Monitoring

The BFMC is required to monitor progress towards the completion of treatment works listed in the BFRMP, and the timeliness of the works.

4.3 Reporting

The BFMC is required to report annually to the BFCC on its progress in implementing the bush fire risk management activities identified in this plan.

4.4 Performance Measurements

State wide performance measurements which are linked to the BFRMP have been identified by the BFCC. All BFMCs must use these to monitor and report on their success in reducing the bush fire risk in their BFMC area.

Appendices

Appendix 1 Community Participation Strategy

| Date | Target Audience | | Method of notification | Key messages/ purpose | Resources required | Responsibility |
|---------------|--|---|----------------------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|
| 7 Feb 2008 | General Public, Businesses, and Government Agencies | ABC Radio – Wagga, and Albury. The Edge FM/3NE. Star FM The River FM | Radio Interviews | Notification/explanation of new Risk Management Plan for Corowa/Berrigan Zone. Encouraging Community involvement and local knowledge. | . Ž | Kelwyn Wilson- White |
| 7 Feb 2008 | General Public, Businesses, and Government Agencies | News Papers Southern Riverina News Yarrawonga Chronicles Eastern Riverina Chronicles The Boarder Mail | News Paper articles | Notification/explanation of new Risk Management Plan for Corowa/Berrigan Zone. Encouraging Community involvement and local knowledge. Contact details for input | Nii | Kelwyn Wilson- White |
| 2 March 2008 | RFS Group 1 Officers | Pre-planned meeting | Email, mail-out and fax | Information, community issues, asset identification and possible treatment requirements | Asset lists | George Alexander |
| 10 March 2008 | RFS Group 2 Officers | Pre-planned meeting | Email, mail-out and fax | Information, community issues, asset identification and possible treatment requirements | Asset lists | George Alexander |

| RFS Group 3 Pro | Pre-planned meeting | Email, mail-out and fax | Information, community issues, asset identification and possible treatment | Asset lists | George Alexander |
|---|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|---|--|--------------------------------|
| Dra-nlannad | Pag | Email phone & | requirements Review agency assets and treatment | Mana | Mara Wehner/ |
| meeting | 5 | fax, mail-out | requirements – identify other issues of BFRMP process and communication | 0 | Jesse White |
| Pre-planned meeting | pe | Email, mail-out and fax | Information, community issues, asset identification and possible treatment requirements | Asset lists | Marg Wehner / Jesse White |
| Newsletter | | Mail-out | Information, community issues, asset identification and possible treatment requirements | Ξ̈̈́ | Marg Wehner |
| Corowa & Berrigan Shire Websites & Public display | Berrigan sites & lay | Council newsletter and website | Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets already in BFRR | Ē | Marg Wehner / Council staff |
| Pre-planned meeting | g | Mail-out & telephone | Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments | Asset lists & fire history map | Marg Wehner. |
| Pre-planned meeting | ğ | Mail-out & telephone | Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments | Asset lists & fire history map | George Alexander |
| Pre-planned meeting | _ | Email, mail-out and fax | Update on asset identification and possible treatment requirements, fire history map and township SFAZ maps | Asset lists, township maps & fire history map | Marg Wehner |
| Pre-planned meeting | | Mail-out & telephone | Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments and fire history to date, request additional input | Asset lists & fire history map | George Alexander |
| Pre Planned Meeting | | Email, mail-out and fax | Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments. Maps of townships in shire with assets and SFAZ registered. Fire history map discussion | Asset lists, township maps & fire history map | Marg Wehner |
| Pre-planned meeting | | Mail-out & telephone | Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments and fire history to date, request additional input | Asset lists & fire history map | George Alexander |

| Berrigan Council F Meeting | | Pre Planned Meeting meeting Pre-planned meeting Pre-planned | Email, mail-out and fax Mail-out & telephone telephone Mail-out & telephone | Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments. Maps of townships in shire with assets and SFAZ registered. Fire history map discussion Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments and fire history to date, request additional input Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments and fire history to date, reguest additional input Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments and fire history to date, request additional input Explanation of BFRMP process, along | Asset lists, township maps & fire history map history map Asset lists & fire history map map Asset lists & fire history map | Marg Wehner Scott Gooch Marg Wehner George Alexander |
|----------------------------|--|---|---|---|---|--|
| | Finley Rural Fire Brigade Brigade Brigade Corowa Berrigan BFMC | Pre-planned meeting meeting Pre-planned meeting meeting meeting | Mail-out & telephone Mail-out & telephone telephone Mail-out, fax & email | Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments and fire history to date, request additional input Explanation of BFRMP process, along with spreadsheets of assets and treatments and fire history to date, request additional input BFRMP accompanying word document, fire history, asset maps and treatments to date, future communication process and expectation for public exhibition | Asset lists & fire history map Asset lists & fire history map Asset lists & fire history map map | Scott Gooch George Alexander Marg Wehner / Jesse White |

| 11 Aug 2008 | Mulwala | Pre-planned | Mail-out & | Explanation of BERMP process along | Asset lists & | George Alexander |
|-------------|----------------|-------------|------------|---|---------------|------------------|
| } | Tarramia Rural | meeting | telephone | with spreadsheets of assets and | fire history | |
| | Fire Brigade | , | | treatments and fire history to date, request additional input | map | |
| 11 Aug 2008 | Coreen Rural | Pre-planned | Mail-out & | Explanation of BFRMP process, along | Asset lists & | John French |
| | Fire Brigade | meeting | telephone | with spreadsheets of assets and | fire history | |
| | • | • | • | treatments and fire history to date, | map | |
| | | | | request additional input | | |
| 13 Aug 2008 | Ringwood | Pre-planned | Mail-out & | Explanation of BFRMP process, along | Asset lists & | George Alexander |
| | | meeting | telephone | with spreadsheets of assets and | fire history | |
| | | • | • | treatments and fire history to date, | map | |
| | | | | request additional input | • | |
| 14 Aug 2008 | Balldale | Pre-planned | Mail-out & | Explanation of BFRMP process, along | Asset lists & | John McGrath |
| | | meeting | telephone | with spreadsheets of assets and | fire history | |
| | | | | treatments and fire history to date, | map | |
| | | | | request additional input | | |
| 21 Aug 2008 | Daysdale | Pre-planned | Mail-out & | Explanation of BFRMP process, along | Asset lists & | George Alexander |
| | | meeting | telephone | with spreadsheets of assets and | fire history | |
| | | | | treatments and fire history to date, | map | |
| | | | | request additional input | | |
| 31 Aug 2008 | Parragon | Pre-planned | Mail-out & | Explanation of BFRMP process, along | Asset lists & | Scott Gooch |
| | | meeting | telephone | with spreadsheets of assets and | fire history | |
| | | | | treatments and fire history to date, | map | |
| | | | | request additional input | • | |
| | | | | | | |

Appendix 2 Asset Register

| No. | Asset type | Asset name | Asset Location | Display area | Likelihood | Consequence | Risk | Priority | Treatment |
|-----|------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------|------------|-------------|-------------|----------|------------------|
| 1 | Human | 1 | | , | | | | , | |
| 37 | Settlement | North Tocumwal | Tocumwal | Group 1 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | 4;6 |
| | Human | | | | | | | 2 | |
| 94 | Settlement | Savernake | Savernake | Group 2 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| | Human | | | | | | | | |
| 105 | Settlement | Berrigan Township | Berrigan | Group 1 | Unlikely | Minor | Low | NA | |
| | Human | | | | | | | | to the second |
| 41 | Settlement | North Tocumwal | Berrigan | Group 1 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | 1;6 |
| | Human | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Settlement | Barooga South Township | Barooga | Group 1 | Likely | Moderate | High | 3A | 4;2;3;6 |
| | Human | | | | | | 547 347,000 | A | |
| 21 | Settlement | South Corowa Township | Corowa | Group 2 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| | Human | | | | | | 100000 | | |
| 13 | Settlement | Corowa Central Township | Corowa | Group 2 | Likely | Moderate | High | 3A | 4;1;2;3;6 |
| | Human | | | | | | | | 6.3 |
| 40 | Settlement | Howlong Township East | Howlong | Group 3 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | 1 |
| | Human | | | | | | , | | |
| 104 | Settlement | Howlong Township | Howlong | Group 3 | Unlikely | Minor | Low | NA | |
| | Human | | | | | | 3 | | A Company of the |
| 11 | Settlement | Howlong Township North | Howlong | Group 3 | Likely | Moderate | High | 3A | 1;2;6 |
| | Human | | | | | | | 10 | |
| 38 | Settlement | Tocumwal South | Tocumwal | | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | 4;6 |
| | Human | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 10 | Settlement | Corowa Airport Subdivision | Redlands Road, Corowa | Group 2 | Likely | Moderate | High | 3A | 1;2 |
| | Human | | | | | | | | |
| 77 | Settlement | Barooga North Township | | Group 1 | Possible | Moderate | Medium | 4 | |
| | Human | | | | | | | | |
| 31 | Settlement | Daysdale Township | Daysdale | | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | 4 |
| | Human | | | | | | | | |
| 39 | Settlement | Finley Township West | Finley | | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | 4;6 |

| | | | | | Τ | | | | | | T | | | | | | | | | | | | | | Τ | Т | 7 |
|--------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|---|-------|-------------------|---------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|---|----------------------|------------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------|
| | | | 4;6 | _ | F | 4 | 1;2;3 | 2.3 | 1:2:3 | 0.0. | 1,2,3 | 1;2;3 | 80. 5.5 | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | 4:1:5 | 21.11 |
| 4 | NA | 4 | 4 | _ | | 4 | 2A | 4 | . Ag | < | ZA. | 2A | NA | 4 | NA | 4 | NA | 4 | 3A | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | V. | ξ. | 3A | 15 |
| Medium | Low | Medium | Medium | Modina | 5 | Medium | Very High | Medium | Hiah | Very | High | Very High | Low | Medium | Low | Medium | Low | Medium | High | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | | Modium | High | |
| Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | N in | | Minor | Major | Minor | Moderate | N. C. | Major | Major | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Moderate | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | i N | Minor | Moderate | N-040-1410 |
| Likely | Unlikely | Likely | Likely | VI - VI | LINCI | Likely | Likely | l ikelv | Likely | , 40% I | Likely | Likely | Unlikely | Likely | Unlikely | Likely | Unlikely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | MOAHALI | Olimeiy Likoby | Likely | L |
| Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 3 | Croup 3 | 0 000 | Group 3 | Group 3 | Group 1 | Group 2 | | Group 3 | Group 3 | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 1 | | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 1 | Group 1 | 7 | Group - | Group 2 | 1 720 |
| Jerildrie Road, Berrigan | Finley | Mulwala | Riverina Hwy, Buraja | Urana/Corowa Road, | | Balldale | Balldale | Memorial Street Berrigan | Riverina Hwy. Savernake | Giorna d'Arriva | Riverina Hwy, Buraja | Riverina Hwy, Howlong | Newell Hwy, Tocumwal | Jerilderie Road, Berrigan | Pepper Tree Road | Oakenful Road. Berrigan | Melrose Road, Tocumwal | Langunya | Mulwala/Barooga Road | Drohan Street, Berrigan | Redlands Road, Corowa | Jerilderie Road, Berrigan | Piney Road, Berrigan | lower Pa olio | Disprise Han Commo | Berrigan Yarrawonga Rd | 201194111141141141141 |
| Collins Piggery | Finley Township | Mulwala West Township | Buraja Township | ogran, C. | | Balldale Township | Balldale School | Berrigan MP Hospital and aged | Savernake Primary School | olekoonia Leionia | Buraja/Lowesdale | Howlong Primary School | Orica Explosives Depot | Graincorp Silos | Pepper Tree Quarry | Claremont Piggery | Melrose Quarry | Tocumwal Piggery | Stoney Hill | Country Energy Depot | Corowa Airport | Berrigan Mobil Fuel Station | Equity Park Piggery | Tocumwal Grain Silos & Hay | Oleds April 120 April Ap | Mulwala Industrial Area | Malwala massina and |
| Human Settlement | Human Settlement | Human Settlement | Human Settlement | Human | Himan | Settlement | Human Settlement | Human | Human Settlement | Human | Settlement | Human Settlement | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | | + | Economic | |
| 91 | 103 | 93 | 26 | 07 | 5 | 29 | 3 | 53 | 8 6 | c | 7 | 4 | 86 | 45 | 107 | 99 | 108 | 92 | 19 | 43 | 24 | 42 | 22 | 106 | 3 2 | 8 | , |

| <u></u> | | | | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1;3 | | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|-----------------|----------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------|-------------|------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|
| 4 | | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | 3A | m 4 | 4 mr | E 4 | - | | TI. | | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | E 4 | 4 mr | 2A | 4 mr | 4 mr | 4 mr | |
| Mediim | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | High | Medium | Medium | Medium | N. S. | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Medium | Very | Medium | Medium | Medium | |
| Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Moderate | Minor | Minor | Minor | , in | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Minor | Major | Minor | Minor | Minor | |
| l ikely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | Likely | |
| מינים א | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 3 | Group 3 | Group 3 | Group 3 | Group 3 | Group 2 | Group 1 | | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 2 | Group 2 | Group 2 | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 2 | Group 1 | Group 2 | Group 1 | |
| Ilrana Road Sanger | Riverina Hwy | Cobram Road, Berrigan | Riverina Hwy, Howlong | Hopefield | Hopefield | Rand Road, Hopefield | Balldale/Corowa Rd, Balldale | Redlands Road, Corowa | Berrigan Oaklands Road, Berrigan | Stock Route Road, | Seppelts Road. Barooga | Angle Road | Tocumwal/Barooga | Auburn Road | Riverina Hwy, Berrigan | Piney Road, Berrigan | Jerilderie Road, Berrigan | | Rennie Road, Rennie | Albury Road, Corowa | Redlands Road, Redlands | Corowa | Berrigan/Cobram Road, Berrigan | Spring Drive, Corowa | Barooga Mulwala Road | Broughans, Finley | Bullicourt Road, Corowa | Ryans Hill, Barooga | Whitehead Street |
| Sander Siding | Baxters Fuel Depot | Dempsters Seed Grading | howlong Industrial Area | Hopefield Chicken Farm | Hopefield Silos | Hopefield Piggery | Balldale Silos | Corowa West Industrial Area | Schifferle Hay | back only (potal and O | Fosters Winery | Barooga Bottlers (Brentwoods Factory) | Wilson Hay Shed | Stuarts Hay | McNaughts | Ryans Piggery | Graincorp Silo | Baxters Transport | Rennie Siding | QAF Grain Storage | QAF Meat Industries | Corowa Sewage plant | Mulwala Canal Power Station | West Corugan Pump Station | Mulwala Power Station | Trandgrid Power Sub Station | Corowa Power Sub Station | Comms Tower, Ryans Hill | |
| Froncin | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | Economic | |
| 25 | 46 | 54 | 36 | 35 | 34 | 6 | 30 | 23 | 88 | 9 | 79 | 78 | 82 | 85 | 86 | 87 | 88 | 90 | 64 | 28 | 65 | 29 | 44 | 61 | 1 | 92 | 09 | 80 | |

| 16 | Economic | Corowa Caravan Park | Albury Road, Corowa | Group 2 | Likely | Moderate | High | 3A | 4;2;3 |
|-----|-------------|--|------------------------------------|---------|----------|----------|--------|----|-------|
| 17 | Economic | Bindaree Caravan Park | Albury Road, Corowa | Group 2 | Likely | Moderate | High | 3A | 4;2;3 |
| 22 | Economic | Corowa Sports Club | Hume Street, Corowa | Group 1 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 33 | Economic | Daysdale Sports Ground | Uran Road, Daysdale | Group 3 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 84 | Economic | Barooga Sports Club | Golf Course Road, Barooga | Group 1 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 102 | Н | Howlong Golf Club | Riverina Hwy, Howlong | Group 3 | Unlikely | Minor | Low | NA | |
| 100 | Economic | Buraja/Lowesdale Recreation Grounds | Riverina Hwv | Group 3 | Unlikely | Minor | MO | ĄN | |
| 83 | + | Happy Hours Caravan Park | River Road, Tocumwal | Group 1 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 47 | Economic | Berrigan Race Track & Club House | Racecourse Road, Berrigan | Group 1 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 28 | Economic | Buraja Art Studio | Riverina Hwy, Buraja | Group 3 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 48 | Economic | Corowa Golf Club | Corowa | Group 2 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 66 | Economic | Mulwala Ski Club | Barooga Mulwala Rd | Group 2 | Unlikely | Minor | Low | NA | |
| 29 | Economic | Club Mulwala | Spring Drive, Mulwala | Group 2 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 99 | Economic | Yarrawonga/Border Golf Club | Spring Drive. Corowa | Group 2 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 101 | Economic | Balldale Sports Ground | Balldale | Group 3 | Unlikely | Minor | Low | NA | |
| 20 | Economic | Quicks Caravan Park | Quicks Road | Group 1 | Likely | Moderate | High | 3A | 4;2;3 |
| 14 | Economic | Bushlands Caravan Park | Toc/Barooga Road | Group 1 | Likely | Moderate | High | 3A | 4;2;3 |
| 96 | Economic | Tocumwal Vineyard | Toc/Barooga Road | Group 1 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 52 | Economic | Tocumwal Airport | Racecourse Road | | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 15 | Economic | Pumps Beach Caravan Park | Pumps Beach | Group 1 | Likely | Moderate | High | 3A | 4;2;3 |
| 63 | Economic | Rennie Recreation Grounds | Rennie | Group 2 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 49 | Economic | Corowa Showgrounds | Corowa | Group 2 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 1 | | Colledendia/Travellers Point | | | 77-17 | | | • | |
| ٥ | Environment | KLPB Keserve | Spring Drive, Corowa | Group 2 | Likely | MINOL | Medium | 4 | |
| 75 | Environment | Oil Tree Swap | Hoperield/Kand Koad, Buraja | Group 3 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 21 | Environment | Buraja RLPB Reserve | Urana/Corowa Road | Group 3 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 74 | Environment | Daysdale RLPB Reserve | Urana/Corowa Road, Daysdale | Group 3 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 73 | Environment | Round Swamp RLBP Reserve | Urana/Corowa Road, Coreen | | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 72 | Environment | Monaro Vale RLPB Reserve | Berrigan/Barooga Road, Berrigan | Group 1 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |
| 71 | Environment | Yellow Water Holes RLPB Reserve | Tocumwal/Barooga Road, Tocumwal | Group 1 | Likely | Minor | Medium | 4 | |

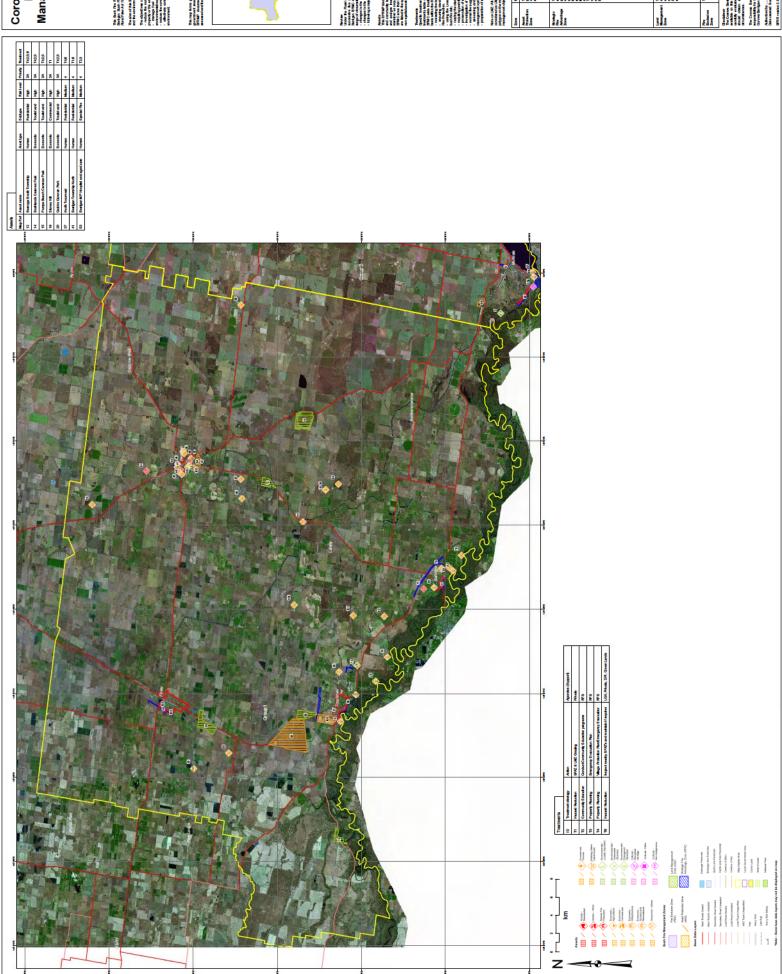
| | 4 | | 4 | 4 | | 4 | | 2A | | 2A | | 2A | | 4 | | 4 | 4 | 4 |
|---------------------------|--------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------|---------------------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | Medium | | Medium | Medium | | Medium | Very | High | Very | High | Very | High | NO CONTRACTOR | Medium | | Medium | Medium | Medium |
| | Minor | | Minor | Minor | | Minor | | Major | | Major | | Major | | Minor | | Minor | Minor | Minor |
| | Likely | | Likely | Likely | | Likely | | Likely | | Likely | | Likely | | Likely | | Likely | Likely | Likely |
| | Group 1 | | Group 1 | Group 1 | | Group 1 | | | | | | | | Group 1 | | Group 1 | Group 3 | Group 3 |
| Lower River Road, | Tocumwal | | Newell Hwy, Tocumwal | Newell Hwy, Finley | Yarrawonga/Berrigan | Road | | | | | | | Berrigan/Yarrawonga | Road | Cnr CobramRd & Nolans | Road, Lalalty | Urana Road, Daysdale | Riverina Hwv. Buraja |
| Woperana/Lower River Road | RLPB Reserve | Tocumwal 3 Mile RLPB | Reserve | Finley 3 Mile RLPB Reserve | | Native Dog Swamp | | Endangered Flora | | Endangered Fauna | | Endangered Fauna | | Nangunia Homestead | | Lalalty Hall | Daysdale Pub | Buraia Pub |
| | Environment | | Environment | Environment | | Environment | | Environment | | Environment | | Environment | | Cultural | | Cultural | Cultural | Cultural |
| | 20 | | 69 | 89 | | 20 | | 9 | | 7 | | 2 | | 0 | | 0 | 32 | 27 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Appendix 3 Treatment Register

| No | Strategy | Priority | Action | Comment | Responsible Agency |
|----|------------------------|----------|--|--|-----------------------|
| 1 | Hazard Reduction | 2A | SFAZ & LMZ Grazing | Reduction grazing and land management practices | Private |
| 2 | Community Education | 2A | Conduct Community Education programs | Provide information to residents on property protection etc | RFS |
| 3 | Property Planning | 2A | Emergency Evacuation Plan | Ensure EEP | RFS |
| 4 | Property Planning | 3A | Village Protection Plan/Emergency Evacuation Plan | Develop Village Protection Plan Ensure SFPP has Evac Plan | RFS |
| 5 | Hazard Reduction | 3A | Mechanical | Yearly Slashing | Private |
| 9 | Hazard Reduction | 3A | Inspect nearby SFAZ's and maintain if required | Barooga, Tocumwal South, Tocumwal North, Finley West, Howlong, Corowa, Buraja, Berrigan | LGA;Private;DPI;Other |

Appendix 4 Maps

Map Display Areas 1 – 3 - Corrowa Berrigan Overview Maps.



Corowa Berrigan BFMC Bush Fire Risk Management Plan 2009

Group 1 - Map Display Area Map 1 of 3



